# **OpenSeas**<sup>NZ</sup> The Source for New Zealand Seafood Information





Pseudocaranx georgianus

Also known as: Araara, Jackfish, Silver Trevally

2017 Catch Quantities:

The Commercial catch

**3,933**t

**3,539**t

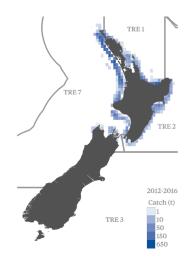
The Commercial harvest limit

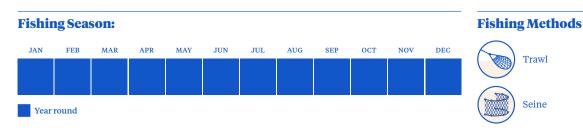
Trevally is mainly caught in conjunction with snapper fisheries around the northern areas of New Zealand.

Average Weight: **0.4-20**kg

**Average Length: 30-60**cm

# **Fishing Areas**





**QMS Managed:** 

MOST RECENT ASSESSMENT

MANAGEMENT AREAS ASSESSED

**July 2017** 

1&7

YES

Any questions? We'll be happy to help. Visit our contact page or email us at: hello@openseas.org.nz For more detailed information, including assessment reports and associated references, visit www.openseas.org.nz/fish/trevally

#### openseas.org.nz





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### **SUSTAINABILITY**

New Zealand seafood is produced in an environment that is rich in marine habitats and species diversity. New Zealand has therefore developed and implemented a large number of laws, regulations, policies and planning processes to help maintain, protect and restore marine biodiversity.

In fact, New Zealand's Marine Protected Area network and Benthic Protected Areas have been acknowledged for their contribution to marine biodiversity in numerous international publications, including from the United Nations Environment Programme.



### **SUPPLY CHAIN**

While the primary purpose of traceability in New Zealand is to ensure that a recall can be undertaken quickly and effectively, it also provides seafood businesses with a level of transparency and integrity.

For seafood, traceability requirements apply from the point of harvest or catch through to retail sale (if consumed in New Zealand) or to the point of export. This means traceability of seafood in New Zealand can extend from sea to plate.



All seafood operators are required by law to identify and track products on at least a 'one up, one back' basis.

## WORKFORCE

Under New Zealand law, "customary food gathering" provides for the traditional rights confirmed by the Treaty of Waitangi and the Treaty of Waitangi (Fisheries Claims) Settlement Act 1992. This means the taking of fish, aquatic life, or seaweed or managing of fisheries resources, for a purpose authorised by Tangata Kaitiaki/Tiaki, including koha.



into the OMS.

#### **RISK SCORE SUMMARY**

A summary of the seafood risk assessment scores is provided below. For the full report, visit www.openseas.org.nz/fish/trevally

	TRE1_Trawl	TRE1_PS	TRE7_Trawl
Target species	High	High	Low
Bycatch and ecosystems	High	Med	High
Management systems	Low	Low	Low

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